

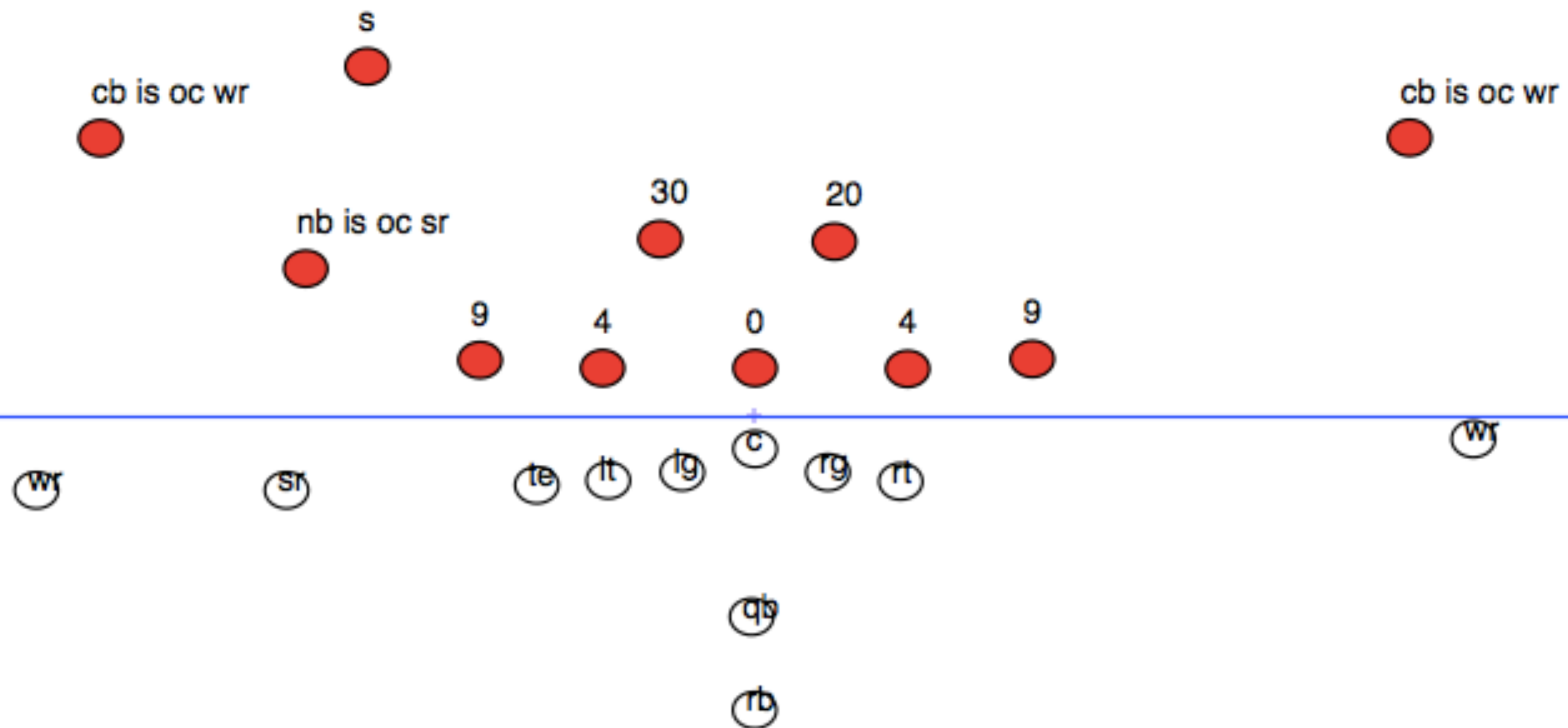
# Run, pass, punt, or blitz

## Predicting NFL plays from geospatial player data

A-Lab 2015 - Telemetry Sports, Indianapolis, IN  
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### Setting the stage

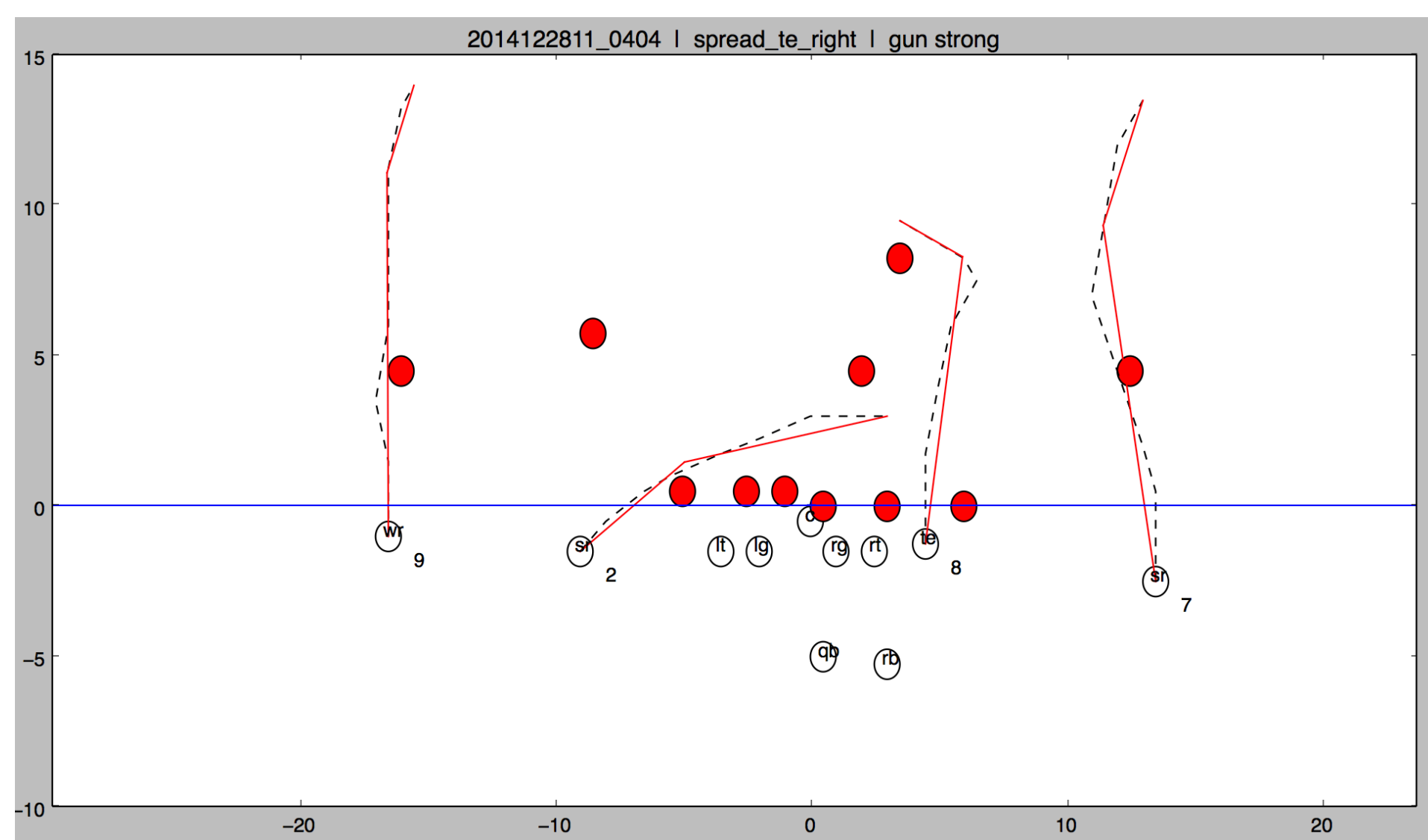
- To predict plays, we must first understand who is playing which position. We created an algorithm to automatically classify player positions based on the line up at the start of a play.



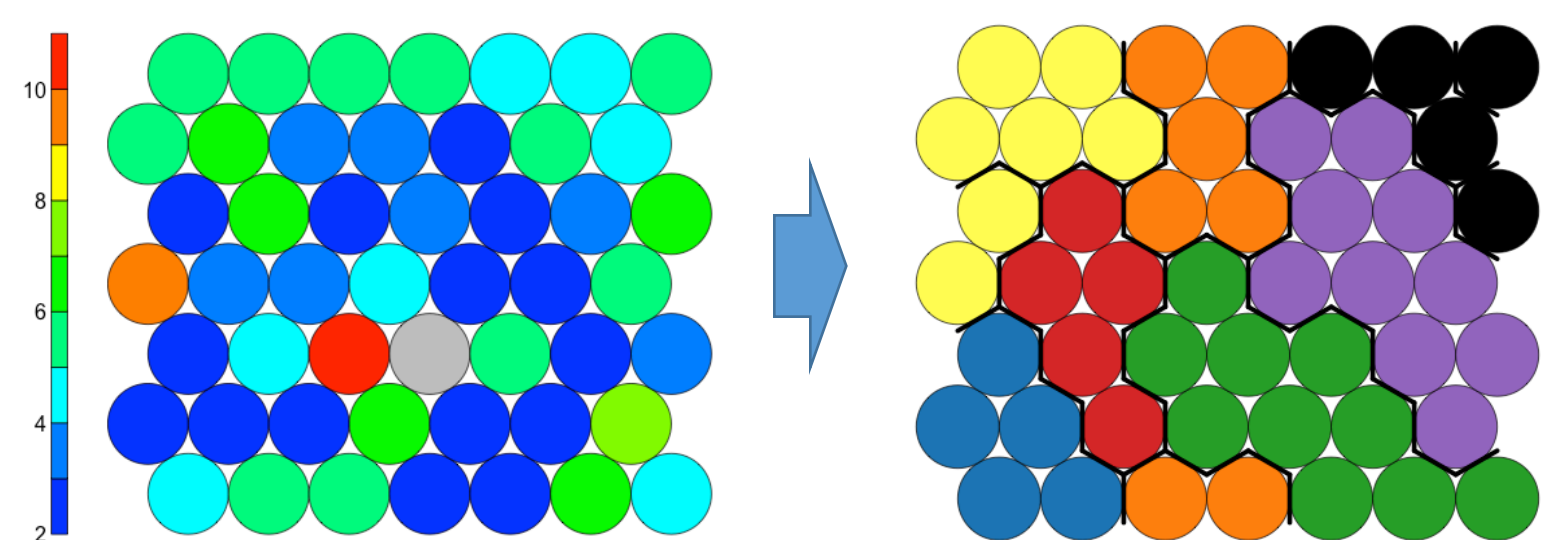
- From there, it is possible to analyze plays and their outcomes to identify the best offensive play calls for a given defensive line up and the best blitz package for a given offensive line up.

### Offense

- We describe mathematically offensive plays by the offensive player routes



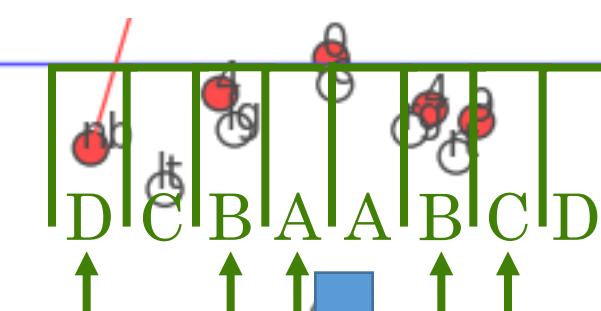
- We then cluster plays with a neural network and calculate play statistics



Cluster Type	Completions	Plays	Yards	Yds/Play	Comp. %	Yds/Comp	INT
Max Protect, Deep	23	45	494	11.0	51.1	21.5	1
Intermediate	24	34	236	6.9	70.6	9.8	0
Multiple Routes, Deep	15	21	263	12.5	71.4	17.5	1
Short/Intermediate	32	52	391	7.5	61.5	12.2	0
Intermediate/Deep	22	36	254	7.1	61.1	11.5	3
Short/Intermediate	12	20	180	9.0	60.0	15.0	2
Screens	20	23	93	4.0	87.0	4.7	0

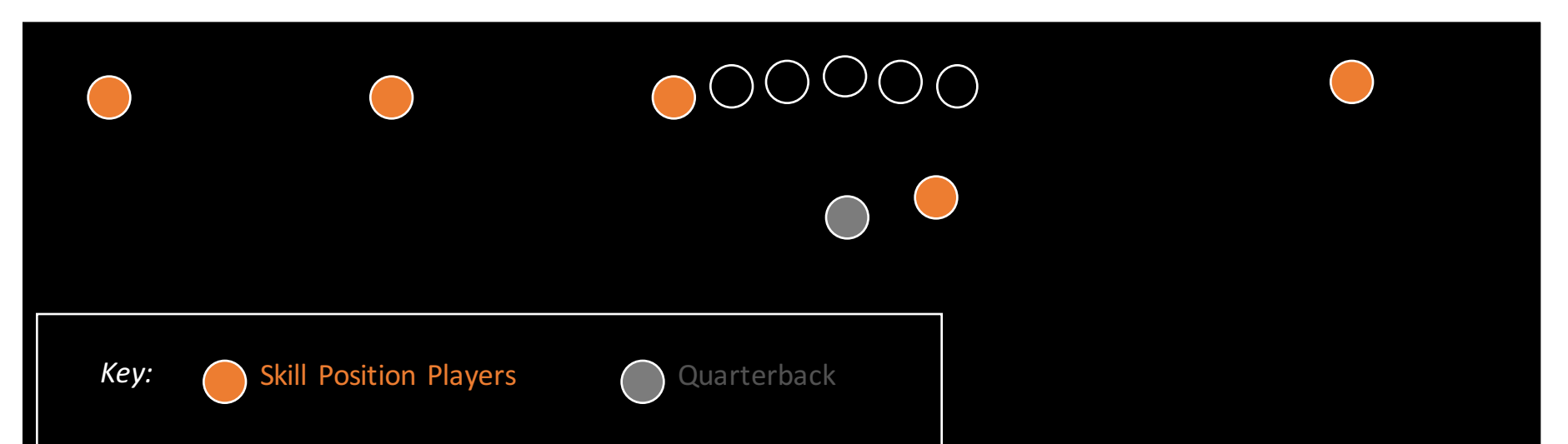
### Defense

- We cluster defensive blitzes by which 'gaps' are used in each blitz

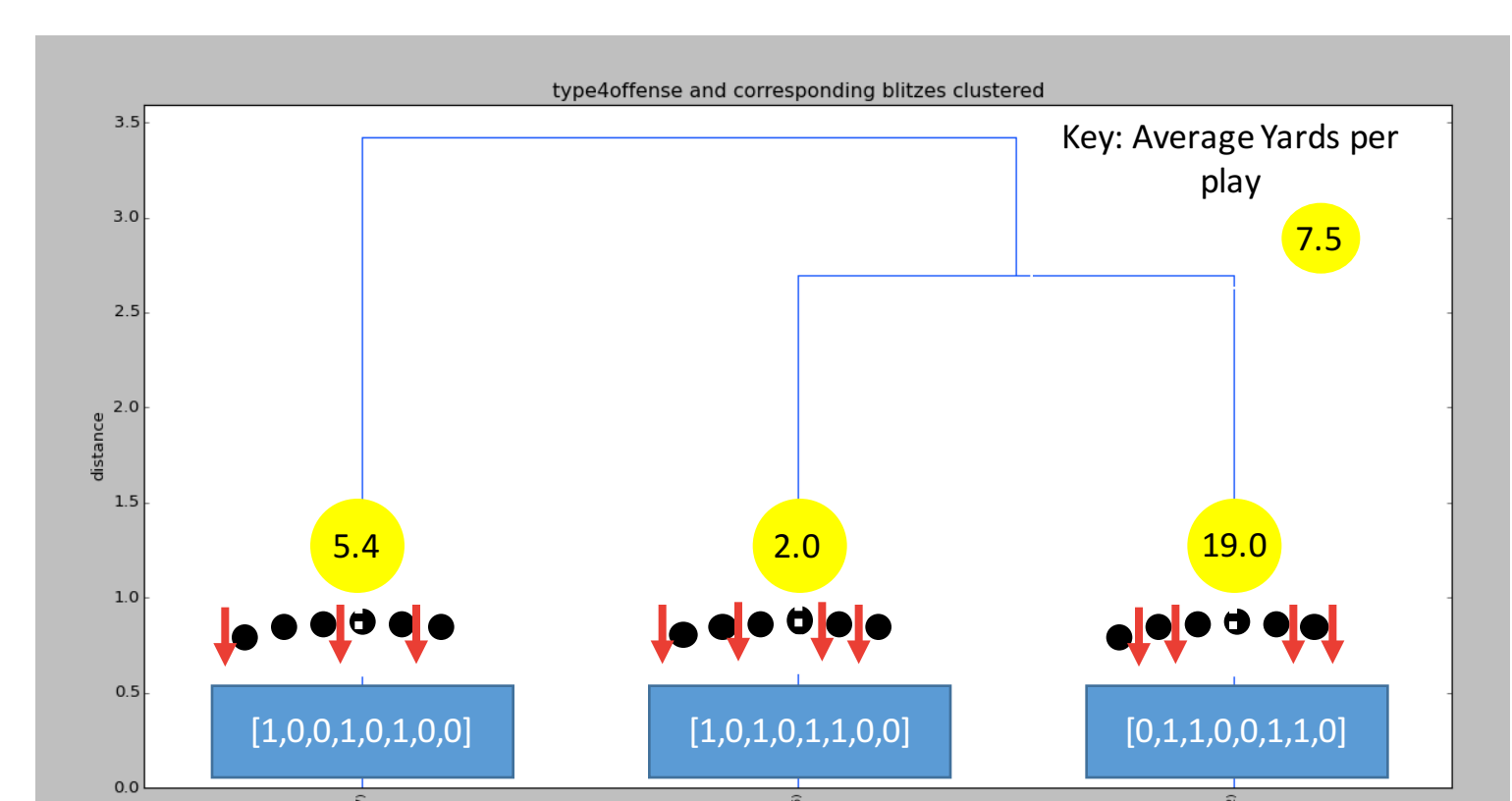


[1,0,1,1,0,1,1,0]

- We cluster offensive line ups to evaluate blitz effectiveness by offensive line up



- We finish by calculating statistics on offensive yards gained against each blitz



### Added Value for Coaches

- Understanding the optimal play against each formation can improve offensive and defensive decision-making, leading to higher success rates and better outcomes for teams